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You will find, too, that all itching and digging of the scalp will stop, and your hair will look and feel a hundred times better. You can get liquid arvon at any drug store. Four ounces is all you will need, no matter how much dandruff you have. This simple remedy never fails.

ALLIED FORCE READY FOR CONSTANTINOPLE

Powers Tell Commissioners to Institute State of Siege if Needed.

MUDANIA TERMS STAND

Gen. Harington Says He'll Not Allow Usurpation of Authority.

WARNING TO KEMALISTS

British, French and Italians a Unit in Resistance to Further Demands.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 7 (Associated Press).—The Allied Commissioners in Constantinople have been given full authority to declare a state of siege or take any other measures to preserve order.

This was the response of the allied Governments to the cable requests of the High Commissioners for permission to take complete and speedy action. It is now certain that the allied authorities here will deal with any attempts at disturbance or infringement of the Mudania convention in a drastic manner.

British, French and Italians are as one in their determination to check the powerful movement which the Kemalists have set in motion. The British have at no time relaxed their vigilance, and now French warships are about to proceed here or are on their way to strengthen the allied authority.

Lieut. Gen. Harington, commander in chief of the allied forces, has informed Rafet Pasha, the new Governor, that he would permit no usurpation of the allied authority, and Rafet explained that the sweeping demands for evacuation of the allied military forces and for other concessions came from the Angora Government. The Kemalists have even attempted to take over the customs revenues, but the British authorities have decided to operate the customs themselves.

The calling of three additional classes to the Turkish colors is interpreted here as merely a show of force.

Turks May Back Down.

There are indications that the Kemalists will back down. Their demands that the allied troops evacuate Constantinople and that only one warship at a time enter Turkish ports and then only with the consent of Angora authorities, were the subject of a conference between the allied generals and Rafet Pasha, the tenor of which was sharp and positive, in strong contrast to the previous meetings which were characterized by friendly and mutual consideration.

The Allied generals informed Rafet Pasha in clear terms that they intend to retain military authority in Constantinople until it is decided to formally turn the area over to the Turks. Rafet then said he was anxious to agree with the Allies and would like to have them but that he could not accept outside control in any form. He added that he would have to refer to the Angora Government for further instructions.

It is understood the allied commissioners at their meeting even considered the expulsion of Rafet Pasha from the capital in the event of a continuance of the armistice violations.

Plain Talk to the Turk.

The commissioners told Hamid Bey, the nationalist envoy here, that the allied governments, while not desiring to interfere with Turkish internal affairs, must maintain the system of control which the Allies regarded as necessary during the occupation of Constantinople. Meanwhile the city, which had been anticipating the Lausanne conference to clear up the various disputes, became the prey to worse fears than those that prevailed before the Mudania peace was signed, in the belief that the Kemalists intended to insist upon all their demands.

The British announcement that they will operate the customs under the former tariff convention is almost certain to provoke opposition and resentment among the Kemalists, who are seeking to establish their own customs regime.

All Kemal's Sentence.

All Kemal Bey, editor of the Constantinople anti-nationalist newspaper *Sabah*, has been arrested and condemned to death by the Turkish authorities here the Allies have been informed. Late last night the Allies representatives gave Rafet Pasha forty-eight hours in which to release the editor. Rafet replied he was unaware of the arrest, but would investigate.

It was reported here today that All Kemal Bey has been hanged from a gallows after a crowd had half lynched him, but this was not confirmed officially. The Allied High Commissioners felt that if such arrests were allowed to stand it would be likely to lead to the imprisonment of hundreds of other residents of the city, Turks, Greeks and Armenians who enjoy the confidence and respect of the Allies.

The allied action with regard to All Kemal Bey had been preceded by appeals from hundreds of Turks to the British authorities to accord them safe conduct so that they might join in the great exodus of Greeks and Armenians which has been in progress recently since the armistice. The British authorities have refused to allow them to leave the city, according to the Nationalists were about to take control in Constantinople and send in their troops.

The Allied Food Control Commission has arranged to meet the food families which seems imminent, the shortage being brought about by the exorbitant customs duties, the hoarding of foodstuffs and the closing of the shops. Some of the city grocers have hidden commodities which have risen 100 per cent in twenty-four hours.

The existing misery and unemployment, the wholesale dismissal of government workers and the fall of the Turkish pound to forty cents have aggravated the situation.

FOREIGN FLAGS IN PHILIPPINES

MANILA, Nov. 7 (Associated Press).—Foreigners residing in the Philippines have the right to fly the flags of their nations on their residences or on other buildings belonging to them according to an order issued by Gov. Gen. Wood today.

Charge Turks Burned Alive Greek Prisoners

PARIS, Nov. 7.—A message from the Greek Consul-General at Beirut, according to the Greek Legation here, says that the Turks have burned Greek prisoners in the concentration camp at Caesarea and massacred the Christian inhabitants of that city. Eight Greek officers, the Consul-General adds, were shot by order of Kemal Pasha on the charges of breaking the rules for prisoners.

PEACE IN NEAR EAST HANGS BY A THREAD

Allies Reject Turkish Demand for Withdrawal of Troops.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK HERALD. Copyright, 1922, by THE NEW YORK HERALD. New York, Nov. 7.

The peace of Europe to-night is once more hanging by a very slender thread. With Nationalist Turks renewing their demands, apparently believing that the Allies in yielding to their every request six weeks ago did so through fear of Turkish military power, the Allies have accepted the challenge and have authorized their high commissioners in Constantinople to proclaim a state of siege if necessary to halt the latest Turk menace.

According to well informed circles here to-night, a note is already en route to Stamboul declining to accept the Turkish demand for the retreat of the allied forces, whether land or naval, until the status of Constantinople and the regime of the straits are definitely fixed by the Lausanne peace conference called to meet November 13.

The French delegates to Lausanne were named today. They are Maurice Bonaparte, formerly Ambassador to Constantinople, and Camille Barre, Ambassador to Italy. The first great diplomatic achievement was at the Genoa conference. The request of Great Britain that the conference be postponed until November 27 may considerably change the conference plans. The French are opposed to any considerable delay.

Whether this new show of allied unity will be sufficiently effective to make the Turk reflect upon the ultimate consequences is the big riddle of the day here, and it is feared that the Turkish demand for the withdrawal of the allied forces, even the semi-official Temps to-night cautions the greatest prudence in dealing with the Turk while under the great military exaltation, recalling the incidents of 1853, when war broke out immediately after a conference at which everything seemed satisfactorily arranged.

In the present case it is now appearing doubtful whether Lausanne ever will go down in history as a second Vienna Congress, as the French plainly fear there are irreconcilable incidents on the horizon. Already there is a division of opinion between the French and the British as to the advisability of a conference. Only the Turkish while under the great military exaltation, recalling the incidents of 1853, when war broke out immediately after a conference at which everything seemed satisfactorily arranged.

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LEGS SEEN IN SACK HINT SHEILD'S FATE

Russian Woman Tells of Meeting Two Men Carrying Gruesome Burden.

TAN U. S. SHOES ON FEET

Story Contributes to Belief American Relief Worker Was Murdered.

MOSCOW, Nov. 7 (Associated Press).—A woman who told the police that on the evening of October 18 she saw two men lugging a sack from which two human legs protruded has been arrested in connection with the mysterious disappearance about three weeks ago of Philip Sheild, American relief worker at Simbirsk.

This information, together with the announcement that the police are no longer chasing the Volga for the body, was received here by Col. William N. Haskell, director of American relief work in Russia.

The woman lives near where Sheild's hut was found October 25, on the bank of the Volga, about five miles above the town. She said she was out walking in the evening of October 18 when she came upon two men standing near a sack that lay on the ground. She asserts that she heard one of them say, "Shall we take it there or to the river?" whereupon the other man answered, "Be careful, someone might hear you."

Then, according to the deposition, one man attempted to shoulder the sack, but it broke, and the woman saw two legs protruding. She says the shoes were tan oxford of American make. The men started down toward the river, but the woman did not follow, she says. The Russian manager of the warehouse where Sheild committed suicide and say that indications are that he was murdered. Col. Haskell is among those now convinced Sheild was murdered.

Sheild was a graduate of the University of Virginia and his home was in Richmond. Shortly before his disappearance he had been placed in charge of the warehouse department and in checking up the stocks found a shortage of more than four hundred dollars, the woman mentioned in the dispatch to-day apparently gives the police the first definite lead to work on.

LLOYD GEORGE SAYS FLAG MUST NOT FAIL

Urges Government to Show Turk He Cannot Trifle.

NEWCASTLE, Nov. 7 (Associated Press).—Lloyd George made some sharp references to the Turks in his speech to the House of Commons on the Near East since his fall from the Premiership in the political address which he delivered before a large assembly here today.

"The Near East is now in a state of symptoms of inflammation," he said. "Whatever happens, our flag must not be let down."

Later on in his speech he said: "We have no room for the Turk, but he has looked at the list of new Ministers and come to the conclusion that this is the time for another try."

"If the Government stands by the flag, my friends, I will be wholeheartedly behind them," Lloyd George said. "I entreat the Government to show the Turk that he will not be trifled with on the Near East, and that the document signed a few weeks ago at Mudania."

BRITAIN TO PAY AMERICA \$50,000,000 MORE NOV. 15

Delay in Funding Plan Brings New Interest Sum.

LONDON, Nov. 7 (Associated Press).—The British Government has directed the further payment of \$50,000,000 to the United States on November 15.

The delay in the funding of the war debt pending an agreement between the two Governments for the funding of the debt.

This payment was made necessary by the unavoidable delay in sending a British debt mission to America because of the resignation of the Lloyd George Ministry.

BLUE EGGS COMING FOR THANKSGIVING FEASTS

Argentine Also Sending Fat Turkeys and Spring Cheries.

BUENOS AIRES, Nov. 7 (Associated Press).—New York will have a fine opportunity to add blue eggs to its Thanksgiving menu if the steamer *Pan-American*, which sails Thursday, arrives in New York on schedule time, two days prior to the holiday.

The *Pan-American* will carry samples of large blue shell eggs, laid by a species of Argentine hens, known as "Araucana," concerning which the United States Consulate received inquiries from the American Poultry Association. There also will be other food products, including thirty pound Argentine turkeys, partridge, ducks and geese and spring cherries and other fresh fruits.

PLEA IN FRENCH SENATE FOR VOTES FOR WOMEN

Boisterous Suffragists Fill the Gallery During Debate.

PARIS, Nov. 7.—Women and their friends in the Senate to-day when the first two speakers in the suffrage debate urged the granting of the vote to women, which the Chamber approved three years ago, but the conservative Senate opposed.

The Senators were coldly silent, but the women crowding the galleries applauded hysterically. Senator Gourju said 135,000 women in the world had been given the right to vote, but France was backward. He cited the Colorado Juvenile Court as one of the results of the voting power of women. The debate was adjourned temporarily.

PARLIAMENT OPENS NOV. 23.

LONDON, Nov. 7.—The opening of Parliament has been postponed from November 20 to November 23. The King will take part in the customary state ceremony.

Want Spanish Language Retained by Filipinos

MADRID, Nov. 7.—An action protest against the measures taken by the Governor of the Philippines for the suppression of the Castilian language as the official medium after December, 1924. It declares that this ill accords with Spain's attitude toward the United States, and demands that the Spanish Government adopt whatever means are necessary to prevent suppression of the language.

CENTRAL PARTIES ROUT POLISH NATIONALISTS

Radicals in Control; Pilsudski's Reaction Doubtful.

WARSAW, Nov. 7.—The returns are slow in coming in, but enough have been received to show that the Central parties have routed the Nationalists, carrying 49 per cent of the seats in the Diet, which is more than they had in the 1918 Parliament. Consequently the radical group composed of Socialists, peasants and non-Polish Deputies, will control the Diet. There will be at least fifty non-Polish Deputies out of 454.

LONDON, Nov. 7.—The Polish elections of Sunday for members of the Diet resulted in an overwhelming victory for the National Democrats, rendering the election of Marshal Pilsudski as President doubtful, according to an Exchange Telegraph dispatch.

The general elections of Sunday were the first held for present day Poland, which came into existence through the world war. In the eastern section, formerly Russian dominion, women participated for the first time in elections.

The present Polish Constituent Assembly has been in office since February, 1919. It is made up by regular elected Deputies and representatives formerly elected to the Austrian and German Parliaments from those sections of Austria and Germany not incorporated as a part of Poland.

The number of Deputies to be chosen is 444, divided into 372 local candidates and 72 chosen from State lists.

Besides the election of Deputies to the Diet there will be an election for Senators on November 12. Eleven senators will then be chosen. The combined houses later will elect the Chief Executive of the State, for which office General Pilsudski is a prominent candidate.

HARDING TO VISIT GRAVE OF UNKNOWN SOLDIER

Will Go There With Weeks and Denby.

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE NEW YORK HERALD.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 7.

President Harding will go to Arlington Cemetery on Armistice Day—Saturday—and place a floral wreath on the grave of the Unknown Soldier. He will be accompanied by Secretary of War Weeks and Secretary of the Navy Denby. This and a military guard will constitute the Government's pilgrimage to honor the heroes of the world war.

The question of appropriate official recognition of Armistice Day has been considered by the President and his cabinet. It was thought best to make the official recognition as simple as possible and by going there in person the President wishes to set a precedent for the future.

At first it was planned that all the members of the Cabinet should participate in the pilgrimage, but so many of them are away from Washington that this year it will be confined to the President, the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy. In contrast with the solemn ceremonial which marked Armistice Day last year no functions beyond the President's visit are contemplated this year.

TO STUDY BANKRUPTCY LAW.

A special committee to study the Federal bankruptcy law and find out if the procedure can be simplified and the cost of administration reduced will be appointed by the Merchants Association, it was announced yesterday. The action was recommended by the organization's committee on commercial law, headed by Edwin H. Baker.

FRANCE WILL HOLD RHINELAND IN PAWN

Won't Evacuate Until Germany Fulfills Treaty Requirements, Says Poincare.

PREFERS SAFETY TO PAY

Loucheur Tells Chamber Germany Must Not Be Made Too Strong.

PARIS, Nov. 7 (Associated Press).—France might better forego payment from Germany than be endangered by a new attack from a resuscitated country across the Rhine, Louis Loucheur told the Chamber of Deputies today.

"If, by one of these puns," he said, discussing proposals for rehabilitation of Germany during the debate on the budget, "Germany is made strong, what will become of France's security? I tell you bluntly that between not being paid and not being in security, I would rather be in security." This statement brought strong applause.

Premier Poincare interrupted M. Loucheur's suggestions for a change in the administration of the Rhineland with the declaration that that territory would not be evacuated until Germany had fulfilled the treaty requirements.

"These requirements," he declared, "have not been fulfilled; they will not be fulfilled for a long time, and so long as they are not fulfilled, we will continue the occupation. Freeding Governments have said so, and I repeat it."

M. Loucheur urged the Chamber to get together and try to find a remedy for the country's financial condition, "or soon we will be at the brink of the abysses." He urged foreign loans to stabilize French exchange and warned the Chamber against the danger of the franc dropping.

"Take care, gentlemen," he said. "Exchange is a rolling ball which there is a possibility of not being able to stop if one does not act soon enough."

"What is really needed to stabilize our money is for the Government to create a big reserve of foreign money by loans abroad and by appeals to the patriotism of Frenchmen, for there remain in France billions in foreign securities."

M. Loucheur said France never received a loan of \$5,000,000 in gold from the United States, and therefore cannot repay the sum in gold.

"We must pay the United States, but we must pay in the same manner in which the loan was received—in credits and goods," Loucheur declared. "For at present it is a material impossibility to pay even that way."

PARIS GAS STRIKE AVERTED.

Walkout to Protest Income Tax Deductions Called Off.

PARIS, Nov. 7 (Associated Press).—The strike of gas workers in Paris has apparently been averted. All employees of the four plants reported for work this morning.

The trouble arose through the deduction from employees' wages of money to meet their income tax in accordance with the law.

The extremists in the Labor Federation proclaim their intention of resuming agitation against the taxallop of salaries within two weeks.

WANTS SHIP SERVICE STOPPED.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7.—The Shipping Board was urged today by the Chamber of Commerce of the United States to discontinue the use of Government owned ships in service between Atlantic and Pacific ports.

In a letter to Chairman Lasker, Julius H. Barnes, president of the chamber, declared the coast to coast shipping was provided with adequate private owned tonnage, and recommended against Government craft entering into competition with private enterprise under present conditions.

PRESSMAN BADLY BURNED.

Edward Headbawny, a pressman, was severely burned today by the face and neck yesterday when fire started in the paper room of a newspaper at 96 Gold Street, where the pressman was taken to the Beekman Street Hospital. It was said his injuries were not serious.

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4 daily California trains via the Santa Fe